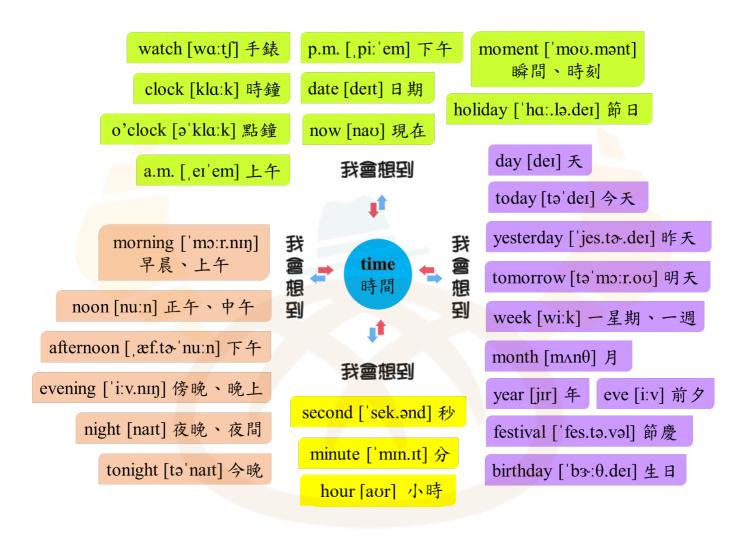
Time & Dates

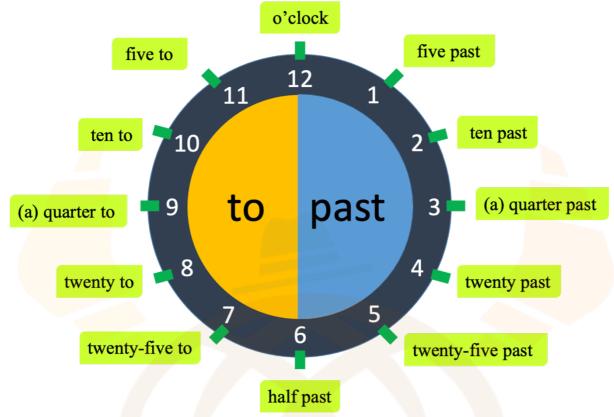




如何用英文表達時間?

| | 用詞 | 句型 | 舉例 | 時間 | | |
|----|------------|------------------------|--------------------------|-------|--|--|
| 整點 | o'clock | =It is +數字. | It is twelve. | 12:00 | | |
| | | =It is +數字+ o'clock. | It is seven o'clock. | 7:00 | | |
| 幾點 | 「分」是個位數 | It is 數字(幾點)+O+數字(幾分). | It is two O five. | 2:05 | | |
| 幾分 | 「分」是十位整數 | It is 數字(幾點)+數字(幾分). | It is six ten. | 6:10 | | |
| | 「分」是兩個英文數字 | *有兩個英文數字中間要加「-」 | It is four thirty-one. | 4:31 | | |

時間也可以這麼説



| 時間 | 理解方式 | 表達句型 | 換句話說 |
|------|--------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2:05 | 2點又過了5分 | It is five past two. | = It is two O five. |
| 2:10 | 2點又過了10分 | It is ten past two. | = It is two ten. |
| 2:15 | 2點又過了15分 | It is a quarter past two. | = It is two fifteen. |
| 2:20 | 2點又過了20分 | It is twenty past two. | = It is two twenty. |
| 2:25 | 2點又過了25分 | It is twenty-five past two. | = It is two twenty-five. |
| 2:30 | 2點又過了30分 | It is half past two. | = It is two thirty. |
| 2:35 | 再25分鐘就3點了 | It is twenty-five to three. | = It is two thirty-five. |
| 2:40 | 再20分鐘就3點了 | It is twenty to three. | = It is two forty. |
| 2:45 | 再15分鐘就3點了 | It is a quarter to three. | = It is two forty-five. |
| 2:50 | 再10分鐘就3點了 | It is ten to three. | = It is two fifty. |
| 2:55 | 再 5 分鐘就 3 點了 | It is five to three. | = It is two fifty-five. |

Q:如果不是以上圖表內標示的時間,是否也可以用這種方式表達?

A:當然可以!讓我們來看看例子吧!

| 時間 | 理解方式 | 表達句型 | 換句話說 | |
|------|----------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| 3:28 | 3點又過了28分 | It is twenty-eight past three. | = It is three twenty-eight. | |
| 8:54 | 再6分鐘就9點了 | It is six to nine. | = It is eight fifty-four. | |



| 時刻 | 時間副詞 | 舉例 | | |
|------------|---|--|---|--|
| 中午 11:59 前 | a.m. in the morning | It is seven a.m . It is eight o'clock in the morning . | 早上 7:00 早上 8:00 | |
| 中午 12:00 | p.m. at noon | I will be arriving at twelve p.m . I take a nap at noon . | 我中午 12 點會到 我在中午小睡片刻 | |
| 中午 12:00 後 | p.m. in the afternoon in the evening at night | It is nine p.m. My grandma usually sleeps in the afternoon. I like to read comic books in the evening. It gets cold at night. | 晚上 9:00 我奶奶通常在下午睡覺 我喜歡在晚上看漫畫書 夜晚天氣轉涼 | |



詢問時間與回答

| 理解方式 理解方式 又過了5分 | 表達句型 換句話說 回答 It is five past two. = It is two O five. |
|-----------------------|---|
| What time is it? | It is eleven o'clock. 現在是7:00 |
| What is the time? | It is ten forty-seven. 現在是10:47 |
| Do you have the time? | It is a quarter past three. 現在是3:15 |

【補充】

Do you have time? 你有空嗎?

詢問與表達「某事在幾點」

問句句型:「What time+ be動詞+主詞?」

答句句型:「主詞+be動詞+at+時間」

舉例

What time is the movie? 電 電 The movie is at half past two. 電

電影幾點開始? 電影在2:30開演

Y

表示星期與月份的方法



On

on Monday on Friday
on Tuesday on Saturday
on Wednesday on Sunday
on Thursday

In

in January
in July
in February
in August
in March
in September
in April
in October
in May
in November
in June
in December

month 月份: 每一個月份 的字母開頭要記得大寫呦!



提醒:使用英文表達「日期」與「順序」時,會以序數來呈現。

Ordinal numbers

| 1 st | first | 9 th | ninth | 17 th | seventeenth | 25 th | twenty-fi f th |
|-----------------|----------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| 2 nd | second | 10 th | tenth | 18 th | eighteenth | 26 th | twenty-sixth |
| 3 rd | third | 11 th | eleventh | 19 th | nineteenth | 27 th | twenty-seventh |
| 4 th | fourth | 12 th | twel f th | 20 th | twentieth | 28 th | twenty-eighth |
| 5 th | fi f th | 13 th | thirteenth | 21 st | twenty-first | 29 th | twenty-ninth |
| 6 th | sixth | 14 th | fourteenth | 22 nd | twenty-second | 30 th | thirt ie th |
| 7 th | seventh | 15 th | fi f teenth | 23 rd | twenty-third | 31 st | thirty-first |
| 8 th | eighth | 16 th | sixteenth | 24 th | twenty-fourth | | |

【月份日期的寫法】

☆月份+日期(序數)

舉例:

10 月 3 日→ October 3rd, 7 月 10 日→ July 10th, 5 月 22 日→ May 22nd, 12 月 16 日→ December 16th

☆當月份加上日期,介系詞要改用「on」 舉例:

在 1 月 \rightarrow in January | 在 1 月 18 日 \rightarrow on January 18^{th} 在 10 月 \rightarrow in October | 在 10 月 3 日 \rightarrow on October 3^{rd}

【提醒】

請注意 1,2,3 的序數縮寫分別是 st (first),nd (second),rd (third) **美式英文**大部分「<u>單以數字</u>」表示日期,後面不需加上 st, nd, rd, th 。 舉例:

The meeting is <u>on August 16</u>. (會議在 8 月 16 日)
The party will be held **on** March 10. (派對將在 3 月 10 日舉行)



如果要同時表達時間、時段、星期、月份、日期,那該先說哪個?

一般來說,在美式英文裡會先講「星期」,接著說「月份、日期、年」,最後再點出「具體時間」。

英文時間排序如下:

『星期→月份→日期→年份→時間→時段』

舉例:

星期 月份日期 時間

(1) The party is on Wednesday, June 21st at 6:00 p.m.

派對是在6月21日星期三晚上6點

時段

月份日期

年

(2) I was born on January 10th, 2001. (* was 是 is 的過去式)

我在 2001 年 1 月 10 日出生

※ 若有時間和地點同時出現時,通常會先說明地點,再來說時間。

(在這裡我們可以依照時間的重要性,先說明具體的時間點,再說明日期)

舉例:

地點

地點

時間

(1) The meeting is going to be <u>at the national museum</u> <u>in Taipei</u> <u>at 8:00 a.m. on</u>

<u>Thursday morning on February 4, 2021</u>.

時段

月份日期

年

會議將於2021年2月4日星期四上午8:00在台北國家博物館舉行。